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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.		CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/687,026 10/16/2003		Guoshe Lee		9134	
27717 SEYFARTH SI	7590 02/28/2007 HAW LLP		EXAMINER		
131 S. DEARBORN ST., SUITE2400			PENDLETON, BRIAN T		
CHICAGO, IL 60603-5803			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2615		
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MO	NTHS	02/28/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Α	pplication No.	Арр	licant(s)	
Office Action Summary		1	0/687,026	LEE	ET AL.	
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		В	rian T. Pendleton	261	5	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appear	s on the cover sheet wi	ith the corres	pondence a	ddress
A SHO WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Management of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months at an advantage of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE of 37 CFR 1.136(a) unication. tutory period will ap will, by statute, cau	E OF THIS COMMUNIO In no event, however, may a ropply and will expire SIX (6) MON se the application to become AB	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mail BANDONED (35 to	d ling date of this of J.S.C. § 133).	
Status			•			
2a) <u></u> ☐	Responsive to communication(s) file. This action is FINAL . 2 Since this application is in condition to closed in accordance with the practice.	b)⊠ This act for allowance	tion is non-final. except for formal matt	•		e merits is
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□ Applicati	Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 8-13</u> is/are rejected Claim(s) <u>5-7</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict on Papers	e withdrawn f				
10)[2]	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on <u>16 October 20</u> Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to	003 is/are: a) tion to the draw the correction	ving(s) be held in abeyar is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 C (s) is objected	FR 1.85(a). to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).
Priority u	inder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority of Some * Copies of the priority of Some * Copies of the priority of Some * Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation the see the attached detailed Office action	documents hadocuments hadocuments had the priority and Bureau (P	ave been received. ave been received in A documents have been CT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No	o	l Stage
Attachment	(s)					
1) Notice 2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	ГО-948)	4) Interview S Paper No(s 5) Notice of Ir 6) Other:	s)/Mail Date	_	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

Claim 10 is objected to because of the following informalities: There is a reference to "VLHR" which is vague and indefinite. Applicant must clarify the terms' meaning in the claims. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kosaka, US

Patent 5,893,058. Kosaka discloses a speech recognition apparatus and method which

recognizes nasal sounds comprising a microphone for capturing a voice signal, formant tracker

for calculating a fundamental frequency of the voice signal (figure 3), a divisional frequency

based on the fundamental frequency and calculating powers of the high frequency band and low

frequency band (figure 4, steps 2 and 4), and calculating a voice low-frequency to high
frequency ratio (steps 2 and 4). See column 3 line 58 – column 5 line 52. Claims 1, 2 are

rejected. Regarding claim 3, inherently the divisional frequency is some product of the first

formant and a ratio factor. As to claim 4, nasal detection is done in the frequency range of 640
2800 Hz and thereby meets the claim limitation.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosaka. Kosaka does not disclose a sampling frequency not smaller than 20 KHz, as recited in claim 8. Speech signals range from a couple of hundred Hertz to over 10 KHz. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to sample the incoming audio signal at 20 KHz or greater to avoid aliasing. Regarding claim 9, the choice of frequency of the Fourier transformation in the Kosaka apparatus is merely one of obvious design.

Claims 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosaka in view of Rothenberg, US Patent 6,850,882. Kosaka discloses a speech recognition system comprising microphone 18, analyzing unit 19 and computer 20. The computer inherently has an audio capturing card and a program for calculating a fundamental frequency and a divisional frequency (see figure 3). Figure 4 illustrates that voice low frequency to high frequency ratio is calculated. Kosaka does not explicitly disclose a monitoring for displaying the variation of the voice low frequency to high frequency ratio. In the same field of endeavor, Rothenberg discloses a system comprising monitor 35 to display velar function during speech. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify Kosaka to include a monitor, as taught by Rothenberg, for the purpose of indicating the speech detection results. As to claim 11, inherently there is a Fourier transformation. Regarding claim 12, speech

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signals range from a couple of hundred Hertz to over 10 KHz. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to sample the incoming audio signal at 20 KHz or greater to avoid aliasing. Regarding claim 13, the choice of frequency of the Fourier transformation in the modified Kosaka apparatus is merely one of obvious design.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 5-7 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Iwahashi et al, US Patent 4,937,869 and Uffelman et al, US Patent 3,679,830.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian T. Pendleton whose telephone number is (571) 272-7527. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on (571) 272-7848. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Brian T. Pendleton Primary Examiner Art Unit 2615

btp